

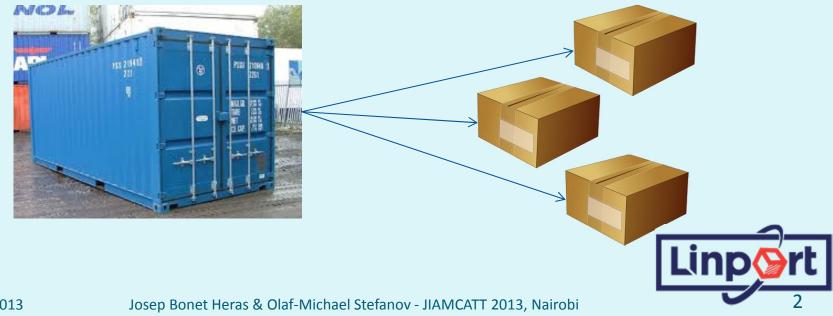


Linport: Interoperable Translation and Localization Project Containers (A Progress Report)

Josep Bonet Heras & Olaf-Michael Stefanov
On behalf of Alan Melby and Tomas Carrasco Benitez
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What is Linport? (this slide and 2 more)

- An acronym for Language INteroperability Portfolio
- Complete, interoperable container solution for both:
 - > Translation projects (portfolio, n-lingual)
 - > Tasks within projects (package = 1 project task)



an idea whose time has come...







... and a project

- With one main deliverable: a "blueprint"
 - Blueprint = draft standard to be submitted to an industry standards body
- And secondary deliverables
 - Open-source reference software for proof-of-concept and for implementers
- Hosted by LTAC Global (a non-profit organization)
- Open to all interested parties
- Not a competing translation tool



Why are we (Alan and Tomas) involved

- After working on various "payload" standards
 - e.g. TMX and TBX
- it is logical to work on containers to put them in
- To promote Structured Translation Specifications (STS) as part of the payload. STS is a set of
 - > 21 parameters for quality translations
 - > Found in: <u>ISO/TS 11669</u>



Structured Translation Specifications (STS)

- > 21 parameters for quality translations:
 - Source
 - Target
 - Production
 - Environment
 - Relationships
- More info, can be found in: ISO/TS 11669



Why should JIAMCATT orgs be involved

- As major tool users and in cases such as the EC also as developers, we see and promote the value in a structured, interchangeable container for both project payload & specifications
- As multilingual organizations, large and small, we need to appreciate the complexity and difficulty in communicating project requirements
- ... and seek ways to reduce both complexity and difficulties



Source Parameters describe the source text

- [1] textual characteristics
 - (a) source language; (b) text type;
 - (c) audience; (d) purpose
- [2] specialized language
 - (a) subject field;
 (b) [monolingual] terminology
- [3] volume (words, characters, or other measure)
- [4] complexity (non-native author; graphics; etc.)
- [5] origin (where source text came from)



Target parameters state linguistic requirements

- [6] target language information
 - (a) target language; (b) [bilingual] terminology
- [7] audience (sometimes differs from source)
- [8] purpose (sometimes difference from source)
- [9] content correspondence
 - (summary/full; overt/covert; etc.)
- [10] register (often implied by text type)
- [11] file format
- [12] style
 - (a) style guide; (b) style relevance
- [13] layout



Production parameters state tasks to be performed by whom

- [14] typical production tasks
 - (a) preparation
 - (b) initial translation (human or machine)
 - (c) in-process quality assurance
 - self-checking/post-editing; revision;
 review; final formatting; proofreading
- [15] additional tasks



Environment parameters

- [16] technology
 - (any interoperable tool? Particular tools?)
- [17] reference materials
 - Style guides, translation memories, etc.
- [18] workplace requirements
 - Anywhere? Designated secure facility?



Relationship parameters

- [19] permissions
 - (a) copyright;(b) recognition; (c) restrictions;
- [20] submissions
 - (a) qualifications; (b) deliverables;
 - (c) delivery [method]; (d) deadline
- [21] expectations
 - (a) compensation; (b) communication

Webpage about the 21 parameters which make up **STS** – Structured Translation Specifications

www.ttt.org/specs



Container contents besides the structured specifications

- Source text(s)
- Target texts when done; or bi-text format
- Resources to carry out translation (per specs)
 - Terminology
 - Translation memory
 - Style guide
 - What else?

One group working on What else, esp. for MT, is the MultilingualWeb-LT Working Group drafting the ITS 2.0 (Internationalization Tag Set) standard for submission to W3C, the World Wide Web Consortium.



TMS Interoperability Protocol Package

Portfolios

- Can be split into bilingual packages
 - Each package is a TIPP (from IN!)
- Interoperability Now!
- A package is associated with one task
 - Initial translation (human or machine)
 - Revision of Human Translation (HT) or post-editing of raw MT
 - Review
 - etc.
- After tasks are performed
 - Response packages can be merged back into a revised portfolio

Why Linport is important to translation project managers

- No need to "re-package" data as it passes between translation tools
- No lost specifications
- Thus, increased efficiency and quality





Linport from the perspective of content owner/originator

- Can send out the same project portfolio when working with multiple translation providers (internal or external)
- A portfolio with specifications is useful for archiving and assessment even if the translation system is entirely on-line
- A project portfolio is not tied to any particular translation tool

Why it is important for translators

- Ensures that they will have access to the project specifications (also STS)
- Increases interoperability between tools
- Easier to use your favorite, or the most practical tool for the occasion because of data-tool separation



Why Linport is important for machine translation developers

- Standardized way for computers to extract the necessary data, perform machine translation, and return results
- Task object for Translation API
- Research challenge: MT systems may eventually be able to read the structured specifications and tailor the translation accordingly

Linport and Tool developers



- Some tool developers will be early adopters
 - Some will implement only the TIPP package
 - Others will also implement portfolios
- Most tool developers will wait until Linport is an industry standard
- At some point, customers will require Linport support in the tools they use or consider using

What's upcoming for Linport?

- Refine & formalize portfolio data model
 - Later: authoring and publication portfolios
- More testing of STS builder
- Develop Portfolio Builder software
 - Round-trip: portfolio, task packages, portfolio
- Submit to standards bodies:
 - OASIS or ETSI or elsewhere (to be decided)
 - ISO (fast track after industry standard)
- Implementation by tool developers



What's related?

- Quality Translation Launch Pad
 - An EC-funded project
- XLIFF:doc from IN! (automated workflow)
 - A profile of XLIFF version 1.2
- TAUS
 - Translation API
 - For transmission of portfolios and packages



How to get involved

- Join the Linport community
 - www.linport.org
- Share real translation project data
 - Urgently needed!
 - Must be non-confidential or sanitized
- Help with proof-of-concept software
 - Test apps developed at Brigham Young University
 - Develop your own reference software
 - Implement portfolios and/or packages in your tool as an early adopter

Questions?

Willing to submit project data? --> info@linport.org





Glossary of acronyms used

- DGT Directorate General for Translation
 - A part of the EC; JIAMCATT Partner
 - <u>ec.europa.eu/dgs/translation</u>
- **EC** European Commission
- ETSI European Telecommunications Standards Institute
 - www.etsi.org
- IN! Interoperability Now!
 - group working to improve the interoperability of tools and technology within the localization industry
 - code.google.com/p/interoperability-now
- ISO International Standards
 Organization
 - JIAMCATT Partner
 - www.iso.org
- Linport The Language Interoperability Portfolio Project
 - www.linport.org

- LISA Localization Industry Standards
 Association
 - Ceased to exist March 2011
- OASIS Organization for the Advancement of Structured Information Standards
 - www.oasis-open.org
 - QTLP → QTLaunchPad → Quality
 Translation Launch Pad.
 - EC-CORDIS-PF7-LT project 296347
 http://www.qt21.eu/launchpad/ (2012-07-01 to 2014-06-30)
- TAUS Translation Automation
 - www.translationautomation.com
- TIPP Translation Interoperability Protocol Package – an IN! project
- XLIFF XML Localisation Interchange File Format
 - XLIFF 1.2: docs.oasis-open.org/xliff/xliffcore/xliff-core.html

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